PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING.
(Sunday Excepted,)
Corner of South Temple and East Temple
Streets, Sait Lake City, Utah. Horace G. Whitney - Business Manager

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES. month orday Edition, Per Year ol-Weekly, Per Year

Correspondence and other reading mat-fer for cubication should be addressed to the ETTOR.

Address all business communications and all remittances:

THE DESERRET NEWS.

Said Lake City, Utah.

Entered at the Postoffice of Sait Lake City as second class matter according to act of Congress, March 3, 1879. SALT LAKE CITY, . NOV 16, 1907.

PANTHEISM IN NEW FORM.

A new religious movement is noted in Germany, and it is said to be making rapid progress. The organization that is its center is called the Monistenbund. It is an association of Monists, endeavoring to establish religious ser-

vices to propagate their views. From the notices we have seen of the new movement. It is an attempt to get away from the gold conception that regards the material world as a mechanleal contrivance without "soul"-the result of chance. The world, in this view, is an object of reverence, of worship. "The God of the old faith," we are told, "is regarded as a visionary conception; and science still adheres to the tenet that a transcendental God can not exist. Rather the world itself, the whole universe, is God, and ac cordingly the soul has now again as obect to which it can consecrate itself According to this new theory:

"A place for religion has again been made; indeed, an understanding for the sphere and function of religion, an even the necessity of a religion is not sphere and function of religion, and even the necessity of a religion is now a demand of science. A feeling for that which is great, exalted, infinite, and mysterious, and the need of devotion to these objects, and even couse-crattor to them, are made matters of prominence in scientific discussions. The ruman soul, we are told, must die at the idea of its isgistion; it accordingly, in sacred reverence, is exalted at the idea of heing born and supported by the Deity. This new religion is not ideatical with the old, which in childlike confidence trusted the fatherity love of God; but religion has been entirely huminized and is no longer a faith in transcendental things. Religion has been restored to mankind; and this is the religion of the modern man on the basis of the pantheistic teachings of modern science. The result is the 'religious common sense' of the modern thinker, which is to take the place of the former absence of all religions. It teaches a divine immanence in nature and is a kind of pantheism."

. It is rather strange that the human mind, notwithstanding centuries of research and speculation, has been unable to arrive at any degree of certainty regarding its conceptions of the Deity. except as far as it has accepted of the revealed truth. We find the best thought of mankind constantly attracted in various directions. Pantheism, polytheism, atheism, theism, deism, etc., each claims its followers, and it frequently happens that any new theory is found to be only a restatement of one or other of the old ones that seem to go back to the remotest ages. The German movement, for Instance, is clearly but a new form of pantheism, which, in the main, identifles God and the universe, including man. There is no stronger proof of the necessity of revelation as a source of knowledge of God. Our Savior told Peter that his knowledge of the divine nature and mission of the Son of God had been obtained through revelation. and that is, clearly, the only way in which such knowledge can be obtained. It is a matter of evidence and testimony, not of speculation. It is a matter of devout faith, rather than speculative philosophy.

The scriptures tell us that God is the free personal cause, the Creator of all things both visible and invisible; that He is eternal, spiritual, all-powerful; that "of Him, and through Him, and to Him, are all things," In Him we live, move, and exist. But the same Scriptures also tell us that man is made in His image; that He has "appeared" to His children; that He has parts, and passions; that He can "speak," and partake of food, and so on.

Whether, in this existence, we can fully understand and reconcile these apparently contradictory representations of the divine nature and attributes, or not, it is our duty to accept the revealed truth, and humbly wait for further light.

In the preparatory classes of a great institute of learning training and teach ing are sometimes imparted, the imporof which the pupil, in his first stage of search for knowledge, may doem nointelligible, perhaps absurd; but later he will find the key to the mysterles, and all will be clear to him. We are in the. preparatory class. Our duty is to accept all that God has revealed and all that He may yot reveal.

Most of the errors in which the worldthinkers arbitrarily reject whatever they fall to comprehend. That is not a sufe course in any field of research. It is fatal to truth to theology as in any other science.

SCHOOL FRATERNITIES.

The news that the Denver school board, following the action of other has decided to suppress the student fraof their board in this city in its recent to interests not yet too firmly estab

It is said and is no doubt true that henzottern dynastic influences are these fruternities cultivate a spirit of clannishness, of selfishness, of pseudoaristocracy, which is objectionable in the Catholic party to Germany, any public institution but particularly in schools, where each buy and girl is attenu, the probability is that the sepsupposed to stand on an equality,

workings of these societies, while it hus | ent Emperor is summoned to another been limited, tends to confirm the sphere of action, would furnish a truth of these allegations. The forma- strong inecutive to Germany to attion of select circles, especially among | tempt a union with Austria. The powthe older and more furtuential students. er and prestige this would give the has been repeatedly demonstrated before our eyes, and we do not think they | Incidentally, the fears and apprehences he successfully disputed. And it sions of European statesman accounts

could possibly promote, would be a

real set-off for this result. We have heard of all sorts of mere tricks, some of them dangerous to the lives or limbs of other students, and not a few of them brutal and cowardly, that directly have their origin in the chool fraternities. On the other hand, we have not been shown any of the couraged by the principal and the eaching force.

We are in sympathy with the movecent to do away with the aristogratic strife breeders that pass under the ame of the ordinary school fraternity

LESSONS OF THE CRISIS.

It is as difficult to discover the orimary causes of a Gnancial punic us to find the origin of a discuse. The condary causes may be clear enough, but the beginning generally remains a stery. Why a multitude should scome panic stricken, without apparnt renson, and assail a hank against which there is no suspicion, remains

When the present crisis first commenced, it was regarded as a panic among millionaires; a Wall street brain storm; it was simost looked upm as a loke. But as time went on the corld. It has once more been deminstrated that the interests of the busness world are so closely interwover that injury to one reacts upon all. Not only has the discount rate in foreign countries risen to panic figures, but found it necessary to suspend cash payments, while in many places the wheels of Industry have been brought to a standstill, and thousands of laberers are without work for the time

stend of cash payments is a device that is said to have originated in Birminganm, Ala., in the panie year 1893. There, it is said, with the suspension of each payments by the banks, cir. culating checks began to be used in sayment of wages and of purchases at stores, printed at first in denominations of \$5 and over. But people would hen present checks at stores for small purchases in order to obtain ash by way of change, and the merhants were short of eash. So they ppealed to the banks also to put out irculating checks of fractional denomnations, as low as 25 cents, and in this ray small retail business was conductd as other transactions were.

Well, that expediency is all right thereby disaster can be averted. In the meantime, the people will have in-object lesson on the necessity of a urrency reform by which the circuating medium is rendered so clastic hat it can readily be adjusted to the needs of the business of the country.

REDEEMING THE DESERT.

Investigation of the soils, the climate, and the crops suited to alkaline or arid regions, may solve the problem of reclaiming for the use of civilization the deserts of the West.

Millions of acres of the semi-arld and are yet open to the public for settlement. Dry farms have already rendered valuable many of these areas. It is thought that hundreds of thouids of square miles can yet be prought under cultivation through methods of agriculture peculiar to the iry regions.

The soil of the desert is naturally ertile. It contains the elements of plant food in unusual abundance. This is because the rainfall is not sufficient o wash out the mineral constituents and to carry them away in streams. The only difficulty is to secure water enough for the successful growth of

This problem is being solved in two ways. The first way is by constructng large reservoirs. Some of these are built through the agencies of the federal government, but more by private or corporate action.

The other way is by means of dry farming. A recent writer notes that dry farming ought to be a very profitable business. Most dry farms will yield 15 and many will yield 30 or more bushels of wheat per acre, which at the usual price of wheat, will pay for the cultivation and yield a large profit busides.

The arid lands may yet be sought out may yet flourish where the sagebrush grows in places that are now too dry for much other vegetation.

ANXIOUS FOR PEACE,

The illness of the Austrian Emperor is said to have caused some apprehension in Europe for the future preservation of the peace of the continent, This on account of the uncertainty as to what would be the course of Hungary in case of the decease of the aged mmarch. If the Czechs should declars their independence, would not the Geris involved, are due to the fact that its man Emperor declare himself in favor of non-Germanism, and extend the do-

> tention of absorbing Graman Austria. It is pointed out that the entrance of the Austrians into the German Bund would in all probability, revive the old It is further argued that the process lished. It is known also that the Ho-

aration between Hungary and Austria Our own observation of the actual an event looked for whenever the pres-Empire would be immense.

this fact is true, no other qualities or | for the failure of the Hague congress |

compensations that such organizations to accomplish very much in the interest of peace. As long as conditions exists that seem to make war inevitable. there will be no serious effort at limitation of armaments. And as long as nations are conscious of the injustice of the arrangements by which weaker nations are held in subjugation by strong. er neighbors, they will not consent to peaceful adjudication for fear of an supposed good that comes out of them exposure of the injustice. When nathat would not be better produced in tions are grouped, not according to the chool organizating sanctioned and en- arbitrary agreements written in blood upon fields of battle, but according to kinship historical connection and lansuages, peace will be possible, but not before. What has been won by the sword must be maintained by the sword. That is one reason why states. men cannot see their way clear to peace and arbitration.

BOSTON AS AN ILLUSTRATION.

The management of the affairs of ther large cities is a subject that may profitably be studied, by citizens who, ifter all, are responsible for the men in shom they place confidence.

Boston furnishes an illustration. Acording to Collier's Weekly the Mayor, hough, when he was elected, he found debt-burdened city spent considerable energy on devising new means of ocreasing the burden, instead of de-

To pay the political debt he placed in undertaker in charge of the department of supplies, but he regigned because he knew nothing about the duties of that department. Revelations fol-

It was found that the law requiring e advertising of, and competition for, atracts had been disregarded; barge ids of coal in transit from Philadella swelled several hundred tens; anything that was black and would make steam" was accepted; "coal which the United States government would not accept at any price had been paid for by the city at the highest figures;" and "the awarding of these contracts, with the approval of the Mayor in writing, were not inadvertent acts, but done deliberately." Three firms of one was arrested for fraud. The head of another was a cousin by marriage of the Mayor-in eighteen months he drew \$130,000 from Boston's treasury. On purchases amounting to \$88,000 the city paid without a protest an overcharge of \$25,900. The items chosen are "They show," Collier's remarks, 'how politicians make their

But citizens are slow to learn when only public funds are involved. They do not realize that their labor pays for the dishonesty of their officials. They do not realize that the plundered treasury box must be replenished from their hard-earned wages, because they pay a great portion of it indirectly, in the added cost of living.

INNOCENT AND GRATEFUL.

A few days ago, an Italian, Raffaele Cascone, was seen walking barefoot through the crowded streets of New York. He was performing a pilgrimage of gratitude to the holy Virgin, because he had escaped the electric chair. The poor foreigner was indicted for nurder several years ago, on June 9; 1903. He has spent thirty-three months in the death-house in Sing Sing. He saw seventeen men taken out for execution. His conviction was reversed by the Court of Appeals and a new trial which lasted seven weeks resulted in an acquittal. He was declared innocent, after years of suffering and

'Raffaele Cascone," the New York World remarks, "is of course unaware that all our machinery of justice moves with the greatest deliberation under the weight of technicalities. Any lawyer would have told him that our tribunals are years behindhand in their calendars; that the chances are in favor of a miscarriage of justice owing to death, removal or loss of memory on the par; of witnesses; that criminal and civi proceedings are every day settled in a manner unsatisfactory to both sides, who prefer dicker to delay; that hundreds of Individuals wait trial in our city prisons; that offenses are constantly condoned because the injured party will not submit to repeated and unnec cessary forced appearances. Raffaele Cascone might not know what you referred to if you mentioned the Bastile. Nor is he aware that some of the nations of Continental Europe-for inby innumerable homescekers. Towns stance, Germany and Nerway-are willing to indemnify a man who has been unjustly accused, while in France it is provided that a decision declaring the accused to be innocent must be posted in the town where he resides and pub-Hshed in the official journal and, if requested, in five other newspapers,"

No, he may not know this, but he is nevertheless thankful to heaven for having escaped execution for a crime which the courts declare he did not nmit, and he does not, probably, even calize the keen sarcasm of his pilgrimage in bare feet upon the paveents upon the great city of New York. It should not be possible in this country to keep in innocent man incarcerated for years, and then turn him lose without an apology, without some compensation. There should be some redress for that class of wrongs. Every man should have a right to a speedy as well as impartial trial.

Freddy Dubois' Scinitar hews close o the line, the Idaho line.

The Duchess of Marlhorough's favorite dog is a Blenheim spaniel,

In these tight times pursy is the only living thing that wants a corner.

Secretary Taft must be a man of hope ize he would not travel in a Rainbow. There was enough bluster yesterday

Charles T. Barney soon ended his sea f troubles but not with a bare bodkin.

make one think winter was not far

It is a condition and not a theory that onfronts the Central American peace

That Professor Drake of the Michigan

Gathered On The Battlefield of Thought.

go "wet," but the Caleb Powers trial seems to go on forever.

To endorse the clearing house checks it is not necessary to write your name across the back; just accept them,

law school who favors a king for this

Kentucky may go "dry" or she may

country is a goose.

Nothing could be more absurd and contrary to common sense than to call a murderer a man of good character.

tim of sensationalism. That isn't so bad a thing for a sensational novelist. The man who balks at accepting

Upton Sincair says that he is the vic-

clearing house certificates simply doesn't know a good thing when he sees

The German balloon Pommern, which

won the St. Louis race, has become

by change of ownership, a Thomas Mr. Bryan says that he would accept but not seek a nomination as candidate

for President. His announcement confirms a long pent up popular suspicion Some of the Michigan constitution makers think they can make a horse drink after leading him to the water. Else why the proposition to make vot-

ers vote?

There was Barney Barnatto who umped overboard and there is Charles C. Barney who shot himself. Evidently high finance is not for the Barneys.

It is hardly likely that the Utes on the Cheyenne River reservation will do anything worse than have a few festive war dances. Winter is a good time for such pleasures.

dealing gases, except over ports and military camps, be prohibited—Wil-liam A. Baldwin in Recreation.

they have hitherto received mainly injustice. They are here as citizens. Whatever temporary restrictions may be placed upon their approach to the ballot box, the time will come when all barriers will be broken down and they will enjoy everywhere the full rights of citizenship. But ignorant citizens are the prey and the sport of every demagogue who appeals to their

citizens are the prey and the sport of every demagogue who appeals to their passions, and if one-ninth of our citizens are so exposed the whole life of the nation is in peril. So we stand before the American people and say, Here is one-ninth of our population coming out from the ignorance and immorality of slavery. We are making its uplift our business. We are striving to train the hand and the mind and to fill the heart with a love of purity and a sense of the beauty of boliness. As we are faithful in this work we feel that we make a strong appeal to the

that we make a strong appeal to the nation's assistance and gratitude, and we know that we shall hear our Master's voice: "Inasmuch as ye have ione it unto one of the least of these my brethren, ye have done it unto me."—Justice David J. Brewer in Leslie's Weekly.

What is Wrong Managers no

With Theaters than critics and play-and Players? than critics and play-ers seem to be arriv-

ing at the conclusion that the theater in America has reached

that the theater in America has reached a period of decline. A variety of reasons are advanced for this deplorable confusion. William Winter lays the blame at the door of a frivolous public and of the manager who in his worship of the golden calf has divorced art and he actor's profession. Managers and blaywrights on the other hand blame he actor alone for the degeneration of

he actor alone for the degeneration of is craft. "A good actor," remarks one

his craft. "A good actor," remarks one playwright, "is raror than a good Indian." Apparently if has not occurred to any to question whether stage conditions in America have in reality reached the low ebb of which Mr. Winter speaks with such conviction.

Walter Damrosch in the near future will give a symphony concert in which all the musicians will be invisible. If it proves as popular as "The Choir Invisible" did, he can congratulate him-

A vast civic organization has been ormed in Chicago to beautify that city. t is one of the greatest undertakings ever attempted by any set of men. Nothing but Spartan courage can urge nen to such a task.

"It is so easy to make little slips. A lozen or so newspapers have had something to say lately about 'George Wash. ngtonss descendants," says the Washngton Herald. No slip at all. Wasn't Washington the father of his country?

It only remains for the organ of the 'American" party to charge the Mormon Church with being responsible for the bubonic plague and the sleeping sickness. The organ has charged all the other evils of the world to it,

As mentioned in these columns ome time ago, an officer in the Britsh East African service predicts the utbreak of Mohammedan "holy war." t will be brought about, he thinks, through the agency of the Mohamnedan secret society, the Senussia, which has long been preparing for a ife-and-death struggle between the dark-skinned races of Africa and the white invaders. This sect was founded in 1835 by the Sheik Senussi and it is today a powerful organization with branches in almost every Mohammedan country in the world. The dectrines which the founder preached were: The freeing of the Moslem faith from all its corruptions and abuses, its restoration to its early purity, under a universal leader, and the deliverance of all Moslem countries, but especially those of Africa, from the yoke of the infidels, to which end he inculcated undying hostility to every Christian. These ends can be accomplished only by the declaration of a "Jehad." or holy war.

JUST FOR FUN.

One of the Drifters.

"There should be more investigations of cases where graft seems probable," remarked the energetic citizen.
"I don't know," answered Farmer Corntossel; "investigations never yet added much to my peace of mind. I'm one of those fool people who would rather go on suspecting the worst than have it proved."—Washington Star.

Advising a Statesman.

"If you must monkey with restrictive legislation, Abner, why not go in for something popular?"
"Can such legislation be popular?"
"It can. Make it a penal offense for a man to ask for a hair-cut on Saturday afternoon?"—Washington Herald.

All in the Cemetery.

"Have you any children?" demanded the landlord. the landlord.

"Yes," replied the would-be tenant solemnly, "six—all in the cemetery."

"Better there than here," said the landlord consolingly; and proceeded to execute the desired lease.

In due time the children returned from the cemetery, whither they had been sent to play, but it was too late to annual the contract.—Tit-Bits,

"I begin to realize," said young Mr. Kailow, "that I am no longer a mere youth, now that I've got a little hair on my lip."
"Yes," said Miss Pert, "and I suppose in a month or so you'll have another one."—Philadelphia Press.

A Syndicate Lady.

The Census Taker-Your names,

mum?
"I don't know,"
"Beg pardon mum?
"I've been divorced. At present my name is Mrs. Janes in this state. In several states it is Miss Smith, my maiden name, and in three states it is Mrs. Brown, my first husband's name."
"This your readlenge, mum?"
"I cat and sleep here, but I have a trunk in a neighboring state, where I am getting a divorce from my present husband."

hushand."
"Then you're married at present."
"Then you're married in Texas. New York and Masachusetts, divorced in South Dakota, Missouri, Alaska, Oklahoma and California; a bigamist in three other states and a single woman in eight others."—Chicago Tribune.

A Little Anxious.

A physician writes to the London Spectator that he was recently attending a patient whose husband came to see him concerning her condition, and irrested him with the words, "Mriving do you think there is any need for any unnecessary anxiety about my wife?"—Woman's Home Companion.

The Future of The Airship it is none the less Now Secured.

So often said of the hieycle and the automobile. "It has come to stay." What has been done in the United States in the last year alone is shough to convinces me that practical navigation of the air has arrived. Some idea of how important a position Shakespeare adequately to his own countrymen. The theater on the continent is more autre than ours, but not necessarily of superior excellence, and the suggestion is not impertment whether despite this discussion there is anything seriously the matter with the American stage.-Current Literature.

The Present Age To our forefathers

States in the last year alone is chough to convince me that practical navigation of the air has arrived. Some idea of how important a position accommante occupies in the world to-day may be gained by following the press of the world. Hardly a day passes that does not record a flight in some part of the world, government experiments to perfect the airship for purposes of war, the organization and practical exposition by clubs of amateur acronauts of the feasibility of this subject for sport, and so on indefinitely. Walter Wellman's Ill-timed and consequently unsuccessful attempt to accomplish the long-sought discovery of the North Pale through the medium of an airship worked splendidly, but gales and driving snowstorms rendered the expedition impossible. The Sunday papers of this country, as well as our magrines and the papers of all Europe, are filled with accounts of the progress already attained or that may recsonably be anticipated. What offect the use of the airship as an engine of destruction will have on modern warfare is already made the subject of international discussion. The Hague Conference, made up of profound scholars and leading statesmen from nearly all civilized nations, has taken up the question of warfare in space, and allive to its illimitable possibilities, has drafted rules governing the uses to which military ballcons, aeroplanes and like navigators of the air shall be put, as follows: That only dirigible balloons, manned by trained military aeronauts, be used, and that the dropping of explosives from the skies onto defense-less cities and the discharge of death-dealing gases, except over ports and military camps, be prohibited—William A. Baldwin in Recreation. One of Romance each new manifestand Wonders. ution was a matter of ocular excitement. The fingers of the cotton gin took the place of human fingers. At the coming of ether an amputation was transformed from a scene of torture to a placid process in mechanica. Crowds gathered to see Fulton's devilture to a placin process in includes the condition of the boat churn its way slowly up the Hudson, or to watch the first locomotive puffing and clanking through the meadows. Even with the development of electricity wires stretched taut against the sky; the strated of cable might be seen as it began its plunge beneath the Atlantic. Yet it has remained for the matter-of-fact utilization of wirelesse telegraphy to bring us, in science, the height of romance. Today a merchant wishes to telegraph to his buyer in London; forthwith his half-dozen words are shot to the tip of a pole beside the seato the tip of a pole beside the sea-shore, fleked into the sky, and sucker out of space to a lonely spar on the coast of Ireland. There is here as much magic of romance as the world has ever seen.—Collier's Weekly.

much magne of romance as the world has ever seen.—Coller's Weekly.

Mature Woman There is a heauty Has a Beauty Quite apart from youth—the beauty of the mature woman. Some there are that maintain that beauty doth not reach its zenith under the age of thirty-five or forty. In a measure this is borne out by the events of the antique past which may likewise be paralleled with instances of our own day. Helen of Troy appeared on the scene at the age of forty. Cleopatra was past thirty when she met Anthony. Aspasia, married to Pericles when she was thirty-six, was a figure brilliant in her world for thirty years after. When Diane de Poletiers was past thirty-six she won the heart of Henry II, and he but half her age, Anne of Austria was thirty-eight when described as the most beautiful woman of Europe. Mile Mar was heralded as the greatest of beauties at forty-five, and Mmc. Racamier was at her best between the ages of thirty-five and fitty. Mmc de Maintenen was forty-thre when united to Louis, and Catherine of Russia thirty-three when she took seat on the throne which she occupied for thirty-five years. All these woman were world-famed for their beauty and gave the lie direct to that toothless old saw whileh buzzes the power of sweet sixteen. The dew of youth and a complexion of roses it must be admitted sometimes combine in a face that is unmoving, irresponsive, utterly What We Owe You will find no JoTo the Negroes hann Most, Emma
In This Country, Goldman, Człogosz,
or Guiteau among the
negroes. In the struggle which may
be expected to come between order and
anarchy may it not be that these people, grateful to the nation for their
liberty and to the good people of the
land for their uplift in knowledge,
purity, and social standing, will prove
themselves a mighty force upholding
law, order, and the supremacy of the
nation? Stranger things have happened
than that these people, crushed and
wronged for generations, should become
at last strong defenders of the nation
and the community at whose hands
they have hitherto received mainly injustice. They are here as citizens.
Whatever temporary restrictions may admitted sometimes combine in a face that is unmoving, irresponsive, utterly lacking in that expression which goes to the making of a perfectly molded visage.—From "The Dominance of American Beauty," by Perriton Maxwell, in the Bohemian for November. Tainted Food Under the cliff op-

posite our camp the Canyon de Che ly, was the corral ly, was the corral of a mixed flock of sheep and goats, and it was a picture-eque sight on our first evening to see them come home in the twilight and swarm into their primitive fold—their little Navajo David meanwhile making the echoes ring with seme wild song of his people. He was a grave faced little fellow moccasined and blanketed, and paid us a visit the next morning as his flock grazed about our camp. He leaned silently upon his staff, watching us breakfasting, and we offered him bacon and cofing, and we offered him bacon and cof-fee, than which the Navajo knows no greater luxury. Instead of accepting the proffered hospitality, he looked the profered hospitality, he looked at our camp-fire and asked where the wood came from. Red owned to some sticks of it having been gathered from the debris about the dwellings of the dead-and-gone cliff people above us. Now that which is of the dead is to the Navalo chin-di-posessed of evil spirits—and the wood of a dead man's house, if hurned, makes evil all that is cooked with it. So in David's philosophy our breakfast was of the devil, and Red's choicest arguments in Navalo were powerless to make him touch a morred of it. "Chin-di," was all he said, as he rolled his blanket more closely about him, and passed on after his bleating flock.—The Travel Magazine.

As an Indian

lower and yet lower, deeper deeper, for an apparently int period—though the descent wask in chainerian darkness, angle in coal dust, mostly along narrow sages, the workings are reached, sides black, griny creatures, lying on their sides in the clernarrow seam, wielding a shor and, as they remove the coal, further into the cleft; many, darkness, burrowing into 11 and fisaures of an abysm

necomplishing the formation of coal-measures which now form priceless fuel which is now so pensable to civilized countries. A until a comparatively recent perfectly world's history that invalidations and the comparatively recent perfectly world's history that invalidations are supplied to the comparative of the comp

or unbellef and the contamination a sin, we too are transformed into being meet, to be associates and companies of the angels of light in His realing giovy—A Banker glory.-A Banker.

To Glaveston, under Jewish tion from Russia to Roumania great American Hinterland, e from the Gulf to the Domin from the Mississippi to the No difficulty is being found like the five fingers of the hands, is admirably situated as a point of entry and distribution. New Orleans, Mabile and some of the South Atlantic ports could no doubt be utilized to advantage for the further extension of a movement, which has for its purpose a deflection of the stream of immigration from the North Atlantic seaports and a distribution of the new comers over the large inland area, where there is not alone better and more reom for them, but where they are cargerly wanted and where they would be much better satisfied, than they are likely to be in the overcrowded tenements of New York and other near-by coast towns,—Jacob H. Schiff in November Charities and The Commens.

THE VELOCITY OF LIGHT.

Youth's Companion Nearly fifty years have clapsed since Uriah A. Boyden, a Boston engine deposited \$1,000 with the trusters the Franklin Institute to be aware

ment whether all rays of light other physical rays are transm with the same velocity. It was not til this summer that the prize won. Mr. Boyden doubted the acc yo of the experiments of Baron Wrede in 1840, tending to show light and radiant heat travel at dieut rates of speed, and be hope have the matter established by a careful series of tests. Dr. Pau Heyl of the Central High schoo Philadelphia experimented on the of Algol, a variable star in the con lation Perseus, and established to own satisfaction and to the satistion of a committee of expert physical that the visible and the ultransmitted of the physical stars in the condition of a committee of expert physical conditions. Winter speaks with such conviction. The last season, with its splendid successes of American and foreign playwrights, with Forbes Robertson's impersonation of Caesar and Mansfield's swan song in Peer Gynt, was artistically its own justification. The present scason is too young to attempt a just valuation, but, judging from the present outlook, it yields promise of being inferior in no way to the theatrical productions in London, in Paris and in Berlin. We have straw and chaff, but

Z. C. M. I.'S BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY OF SUITS, COATS AND FURS WILL INDEED INTEREST

We are now displaying new arrivals of Suits and Coats. They represent the latest styles and fashions; each one an exclusive effect, giving style and distinctiveness to the wearer. A particularly attractive feature is the reasonable prices asked for them.

Christmas will be here almost before you are aware of it! Why not select a beautiful Fur present now while our line is complete? Make your selectionpay a deposit-and we will hold it in anticipation of your desire later.

Black Silk Sale For announcement see

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